### LECTURER HODGE ON Y.M.C.A.WORK

He Tells of the Aim and Purpose Of the Educational Movement Inaugurated.

#### SOME OPPORTUNITIES AFFORDED

Aim to Develop the Montal, Spiritual And Physical in the Individual In the Community.

Lecturer G. H. Hodge of the Y. M. C. A. arrived this morning, from the west and registered at the Knutsford, preparatory to lecturing this evening. In conversation with a "News" reporter, Mr. Hodge said the aim and purpose of the educational movement of the association is to equip by means of night schooling, men and boys who have to work during the day, with special educational advantages they could not otherwise obtain. The association gives instruction in all the literary, scientific and art branches, including commercial and teachnical instruction of a wide variety. The result is that many a young man who has been in the past unable to perfect himself in the special line of his choice through lack of means, is thus able to carry out his original intention to his own lasting benefit. Moreover, the op-portunities thus afforded tend to keep not a few young men away from the saloons and pool roms, and other detri-mental associations. Thus the benefits are twofold. Furthermore, Mr. Hodge said tat it is also the aim of the association to work in a spiritual leaven with the secular instruction thus bringing into action the higher forces of a man's nature. "We aim to develop," said he, "the mental, spiritual and physical in the individual. If you de-velop him mentally to the neglect of his body and soul, as Joseph Cook says, you tend to make an idiot of him. It

you develop the spiritual alone, you make a bigot of him; and the development of the physical solely, merely makes a brute of a man, as in the case of prize fighters. But if you develop the three great sides of his nature together, you secure a well balance individual of the highest value to the community. Then, as the editor of the Outlook not long ago observed: 'While the purpose of the educational department of the Young Men's Christian association is primarily to help men to discover their work, and to succeed in their chosen vocation, yet it is found that it is serving another purpose equally as worthy. In talking with the young men who attend classes, it is discovered that many receive their first inspiration that many receive their first inspiration to enter college during their first or second year in the association school. They first enter class work with no other idea than that they should have a better knowledge of some one of the common branches. But after getting into the atmosphere of student life in the association, they for the first time realize that it is possible for them to take the regular college course in some higher institution of learning, and that in order to reach the success that they desire, such a college course is very necessary. The association has already done much in the way of assist-ing young men to enter colleges by having inducted many of the best institutions to recognize the certificates award ed by the international committee any students who do satisfactory work in any particular subject.' Mr. Hodge further remarked, "The Y. M. C. A. in this work has become a

men have said, taught and done in the world. Meeting the daily needs of employed men it a practical and efficient manner and on a business basis, seems to be the secret of the success of this educational movement, which we are all most glad to approve, respect and Mr. Hodge stated that there had been 200,000 men and boys taking the educational courses in the last 10 years, and 32,000 are engaged at present in the regular class work, with 10,000 others taking the more technical lines. He illustrates tonight in his First Con-gregational church lecture, the educational work of the association with stereopticon, and one display will be a Y. M. C. A. building and a state prison side by side, and statistics that will not eave the audience long in doubt as to which is the more valuable to the work There will be no charge for admission It is the intention of Secy. Cox and he directors of the Salt Lake as-

powerful ally of the public and private

school, encouraging and supplementing the work of both. Then it surrounds

ments and stimulates them to a larger familiarity with the best things that

sociation to make a great feature of this educational work when the new building has been completed. SITUATION IN CARBON COUNTY.

Neither the adjutant general or the officers of the Utah Fuel company in this city had received any word from the coal regions this morning, as to any necessity for further aid from the state in the way of preserving order at the coal camps. It was feared yesterday afternoon that assistance might be necessary, as with Demolli, the Sicilian, at large, trouble at Sunnyside might hap pen any hour. A coal company official said today that the longer the Italian strikers were without work, the more outbreak. At the same time, the coal properties are being worked as usual, with a steadily increasing tonnage out.

#### DEATH OF MRS. CROUCH.

Old Resident of Salt Lake Called to The Other Side.

Mrs. Caroline Baker Crouch, widow of William Crouch, died Tuesday at 7 a, m. at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Burgon, Union, Salt Lake county, of general debility. The deceased was born in Ickelsham, Sussex, England, March 13, 1824, and emigrated to Utah 30 years ago. For 27 years she was a resident of Salt Lake City, but shortly after the death of her husband four years ago, she moved to Union where she lived with her daughter till her demise. Mrs, Crouch was a faithful Latter-day Saint and endured many hardships for her religion. She leaves four children. The funeral will be held from the Union ward house tomorrow, Thursday, at 11 a. m. Interment in the

THE AFTERNOON CALL.

Two stocks participated in the sales of the regular call of the Mining Exchange this afternoon as follows: New York Bonanza-200 at 12.

### All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin. liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system. Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that I could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." Mrs. IBA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keens the promise.

#### RE-APPOINTS JACKSON.

Mayor Once More Puts Him in Charge Of the City Health Office.

Mayor Morris this morning again notified Health Commissioner Stewart that he had appointed C. M. Jackson as clerk of the board of health. Pursuant to the instructions of the mayor, Mr. Jackson again entered upon the duties of the office this morning and paid no attention to the action of the council last night. It is the intention of the mayor to re-appoint Mr. Jack-son as often as the council refuses to confirm the appointment, so that he will be kept at work whether the council confirms him or not.

#### A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days.

#### BELISLE PROMOTED.

Principal Musician Belisle of the Twelfth Infantry band has been promoted to be bandmaster and chief musician of the Twenty-third United States infantry. Mr. Belisle is considered a very competent nusician, and is believed at this post that he will do well with his new command.

#### VOLUNTEER RECEPTION FUND.

Inquiry has been made as to what has become of the remainder of the reception fund subscribed when the Utah volunteers returned from the Philippines. The fund amounted to \$13,000, of which all but \$2,000 was expended for the purposes immediately intended. Since that time the remainder has been drawn upon for the proper burial of the remains of Utah soldiers shipped home from across the Pacific, and for oration day expenses, so that now only \$700 is left. This will be drawn upon as before, as long as it lasts, the Decoration day expenses amounted to \$100 for each occasion. Mayor R. P. Morris is the treasurer of the

#### WHAT TEA DOES TO RHEUMATICS.

When you next take tea, think of this. Tea contains 175 grains of Uric Acid in every pound.

Meat contains only five to seven grains. young men with an atmosphere which dissatisfied them with present attain-Rheumatism is Uric Acid in the blood. Uric Acid accumulates from food when the digestive apparatus cannot create enough Alkaline elements (like soda) to neutralize it.

This Acid collects urea, or worn-out waste matter, from the system.

That Urea enters the blood when Alkaine action has not previously dissolved

By and by the waste matter reaches the joints and muscles, through circulation of the blood.

There it gradually deposits in solid particles, like granulated sugar.

These solid particles grind between the oints and muscles at every movement. This grinding causes irritation and pain. These in turn may develop inflamma tion and sweiling. That inflammation be-

stirs Nature to help herself. She proceeds to coat the hard Uric particles over with cushions of pulpy mucous, like the first healing strata of an outer sore.

This pulpy covering grows to the bones, as well as to the particles deposited. wax. Then we have "bony joints," almost inflexible, and usually fixed in a bended position, from the pain and inflammation. There it hardens like plaster or scaling

That is Rheumatism at its worst. It is bad enough before it gets that far. There is but one sure way of curing Rheumatism. The first step is to neutralize the Uric Acid already in the system. to dissolve, and carry away, the deposits that grind between the is. Then get the digestive apparatus such healthy condition that it will, ded, produce less Uric Acid, and

more Alkalines. This is what Doctors generally have It is what I studied a lifetime to ac-complish, and achieved only after many failures and thousands of experiments.

At last I found, in Germany, a Solvent which was not only effective, but abso-lutely safe to use. Few agents powerful enough to be ef-fective in Rheumatism are safe.

My discovery, now called "Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, acts directly, but inter-nally, upon Uric Acid in the joints and It dissolves, and carries off, the painful deposits, producing an immediate Alka-line condition of the blood, and neutraliz-ing the Acid in it which would have fed the Kheumatism and extended the dis-

It won't restore bony joints to flexibility, and it can't undo, in a week, the damage caused by years of rheumatic condition

But it will benefit every case, and it will entirely cure most cases of Rheuma-

So sure am I of this, that I will supply Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, to any sick one who writes me for it, on a month's trial, at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost to him is only \$5.50 for the six bottle treatment.

If it fails, I bear the whole cost myself. And-he alone shall be the judge-shall decide who shall pay. Surely you will not continue to suffer when you can thus get well ,at my risk. I have written an important Treatise on Rheumatism, telling of its relief and cure. It is free to Rheumatic people.

Write me a post card for it today. Address, Dr. Shoop, Box 3713 Racine,

P. S.—Simple cases ofen yield to one bottle of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure. (Druggists, \$1). But all druggists do not supply it on a month's trial. You must write to me for that, C. I. S.

### CONTINUANCE OF THE ROSE CASE.

Owing to Illness of District Attorney Eichnor Temporary Halt is in Order.

#### JURORS ARE HARD TO SERVE.

Deputy Sheriffs Stick in the Mud After An All Night Trip With Papers.

The illness of District Attorney Eich. nor caused a continuance in the Frank Rose murder case in the district court this morning. After a number of jurors were examined on their voir dire by Assistant County Attorney Smith the case was continued until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, at which time it is expected that the district attorney will be able to resume the trial, as it is stated that he is only afflicted with a cold.

The deputy sheriffs are having a ery difficult time in serving the jurors tho were drawn on the two special venires yesterday owing to their being scattered all over the county and the roads being in such bad condition. Deputies Steele and Butler were out all night last night summoning jurors, and this morning a telephone message was received from them stating that they were stuck in the mud at Fourteenth South and Ninth West streets. Their horse, after going all night, had given out, and they still had several jurors to

serve. Deputy Beckstead was reported as stuck down near Bluffdale.

Out of the 50 jurors drawn on the first special venire yesterday morning, only 10 were served in time to appear at the afternoon session. They were quickly examined and excused for cause upon challenges by the defense. An-other venire of 50 was then drawn and this morning II appeared and were accepted upon their voir dire examination. The court ordered bench warrants issued for five jurors who were summoned but failed to appear. This afternoon but failed to appear. This afternoon several additional jurors were examined on their voir dire, but nothing further was done owing to the absence of the district attorney

Rose was in his usual seat in court this morning and appeared to be in as good spirits as he was yesterday. He received a letter from his sister, Mrs. Mitchell of St. Louis, today, the contents of which seemed to please him

#### TO RESTRAIN ASSESSOR. supreme Court Issues a Writ to Prohibit County Official.

The supreme court yesterday after-noon issued a writ of prohibition in the case of the State of Utah ex rel Salt Lake City vs Benjamin R. Eldredge, county assessor, et al, returnable on March 14, at 10 o'clock. The petition for the writ was filed by the city attorney to prohibit the county assessor from assessing the property of the railroad, telephone, depot, electric light and street railway companies in this counwhich has heretofore been assessed

y the state board of equalization. In accordance with the opinion of the county attorney, to the effect that the law giving the state board power to make the assessment on such property is unconstitutional, the assessor was proceeding to make the assessment and the petition was filed to restrain him the petition was filed to restrain him from any further action in the matter. He will now have to show cause on March 14, why he should not be permanently prohibited from making the assessment upon such property.

#### TWO DESERTERS.

A Couple of Wives Commence Action for Divorce in District Court.

Henrietta M. Austin filed suit for diree in the district court today against Frederick Austin on the ground of deoaks, New Mexico, on March 11, 1888, and it is allaged that defendant deserted his wife and three children on Aug. 26, 1901. Plaintiff also asks for the custody of the minor children.

Suit for divorce was filed in the district court today by Adelia Sloan against W. A. Sloan on the grounds of

desertion and failure to support. They were married at Nephi on June 1, 1891. It is alleged that defendant deserted his wife in 1893 and has failed to support her for more than five years past,

#### Judgments Secured.

In the district court yesterday afternoon judgments were rendered in favor of the Utah Commercial & Savings bank in two cases in which it was plainbank in two cases in which it was plain-tiff. One judgment was for \$1,404, with costs and interest against Peter J. Reid and Charles Crismon. The other was for \$931 with costs and interest against William Davidson and Peter J. Reid. Both actions were brought to recover on former judgments secured against de-fendants in the district court in 1894.

#### FIRED FROM TRAIN.

H. B. Windsor Compelled to Dress on Platform, Now Sues Union Pacific.

Suit has been filed in the district court by H. B. Windsor against the Union Pacific Rallway company and the Pull-man Palace Car company to recover sleeping car at Rawlins, Wyo. in July, 1903. It is alleged by plaintiff that he boarded a train at Cheyenne bound for Salt Lake. It so happened that the train was made up entirely of sleeping cars and the Pullman conductor demanded of plaintiff \$4.50 before he would let him ride in one of the cars. As he had but \$2.45, the conductor put him off the train at Rawlins.

The ejection, it is alleged, was ac-companied by unnecessary violence, he being put out on to the depot platform only partially dressed and compelled to finish dressing in the presence of strangers, while the conductor laughed and jeered at him, and, throwing him his hat as the train pulled out, called him a "dead beat." By reason of the By reason of the actions of defendants' employes, plaintiff alleges that he has been damaged in the sum stated above.

#### Ricy H. Jones Case.

The supreme court yesterday afternoon heard arguments on the demurrer in the disbarment proceedings against Attorney Ricy H. Jones of Brigham City. The demurrer was based on the Ground that the state bar association did not sign the charges. Attorneys R. W. Young, J. W. N. Whitecotton and Charles Baldwin argued the demurrer in behalf of the state, and Judge O. W. Powers argued in behalf of Attorney Jones.

#### COURT NOTES.

Aaron Keyser filed suit in the dis-trict court today against John E. Hill, Laura Hill and John E. Hill, Jr., to recover \$2,500 alleged to be due on a promissory note executed on Jan. 28, 1902, and to recover \$200 as attorney's

### DEATH COMES AS A HAPPY RELIEF.

Never in His Bed for Four Years And Seven Months, Judge Gilchrist Passes Away.

#### STOOD OR SAT IN HIS CHAIR

Well Known in Salt Lake City, Where He Was Once Prominent in Law And Mining.

Judge Charles K. Gilchrist, one of the best known characters in Salt Lake history, died at 6:30 this morning at his residence, 1006 east First South street, at the age of 73 years.

For four years and seven months Judge Gilchrist has been an invalid, confined to a chair at his home. During this long period, he was compelled to sit up, never once having been in bed, and death came to him as a great relief. His principal trouble was drop-

Judge Gilchrist was a native of New York state. Many years ago he came west, stopping in Kansas, and his abil-ity as a lawyer soon won for him a place on the district bench of that state. In 1870 the judge came to Utah and commenced the practise of law in Sait Lake City. Until he became too feeble to look after his practise, he was Walker Bros.' legal advisor and was held in high esteem by the members of the bar. He was quick to take advantage of mining propositions, hav-ing great faith in Utah's mineral resources and being very liberal with his money, although he died in compara-

ively poor circumstances. Judge Gilchrist was an active member of the Liberal party in the old days but accepted the changed condi-tions on the division on party lines. He

was a high Mason and a member of the Knight Templar commandery. • Judge Gilchrist leaves a widow,a gifted and brilliant woman who was one of the founders of the Ladies' Literary club and, its first president. Between them, their friends were legion. The deceased has relatives in various parts of the country, including a brother at Passadena, Cal., Mrs. L. E. Eldrid, his sister, of Canyon City, Col., and a brother-in-law who is in the government service, in command of the light-house system of the Atlantic coast. Services will be held here and the re mains laid in a vault until they are shipped to Illinois for final interment.

Former Lives in Far Away Archipelago and Latter in Salt Lake City.

#### CALLS HER HIS "DEAR FRIEND."

Says He Has Heard Something of the "Mormons' and Their Big Tabernacle -Full Text of His Letter.

What will probably result in a very interesting and instructive correspondence has been started between the pupils in the public schools in this city and those in the schools of the Philippines. The initiatory step has been taken by a Filipino boy who writes to "An American Girl, Salt Lake City," as fol-

131 Aranzazu Street, San Mateo, Rizal, Dec. 12.—An American Girl, Sait Lake City, Utah: Dear Friend—My teacher told me to write this letter to

tell you about my town and to ask you to tell me about yours. My surname is Manuel. We live in a broad valley near Manila; it is about 15 miles from it. In the northeasiern part of this town is a high mountain. It is called "Mataba." We get many kinds of wood from that mountain. The climate in these parts is not similar to this your country. We have only two seasons; one dry and one wet. During a year we have a hot wet season from May to October, followed by a cool and dry season. In this my town we have bamboo trees. I know they are different in your country. I am going to you about it. It is growing about 35 feet high. Every year the sprouts appearing around it. Its leaves are so hick so they are shelter for the sun. It has joints just like the joints of a corn stalk. It is not solid like a corn

stalk, but is hollow inside. It is so thick and strong that the people make houses out of it, and all kinds of fur-niture. Here is a leaf of it. Also we have cotton trees. They are big trees. Some of them grow more than a hundred feet high. Its fruits are hanging in clusters. It is not so good to make cloth because its fibres are not strong and white. The trunk is used to fire-wood; its fruit is used to make pillow. In this town we have public school. Let me tell you about it. It is contain two hundreds fifty pupils. We use to seating fifty American desks and some long benches. We have four teachers one American and three Philipino.
Their name are Mr. Charles E. Hoye.
He is an American man. Mr. Jose B.
Mr. Miguel C. and Miss Regina A. They
are Philipino teachers. We go to school in the morning at eight o'clock and return at eleven. In the afternoon we go at two o'clock returning at four. I have heard some things from the book, about the Mormons in your country and also Tabernacle. I should be thankful if you explain me. Please ex-cuse my mistakes because I cannot write English very well yet, and my teacher did not correct My letter. Please answer my letter as soon as you have time.

Yours very respectfully, FELIX MANUEL.

#### BUSINESS NOTES.

Today's local bank clearings amount-ed to \$406,959.02 as against \$461,655.40 for

the same day last year. The Union Gas & Pipe Line company of this city filed its articles of incor-poration in the county clerk's office today. Its capital stock is \$1,000,000, diyided into shares of the par value of \$1 each. W. S. Ravenscroft is presi-dent; J. W. Bolleau, vice president; Thomas J. Almy, secretary and treasurer. The company owns a number of oil claims in this county.

### COPPER PLANT WILL BE BUILT.

The American Smelting & Refining Company Will Soon Commence Construction.

#### PLANT WILL BE AT MURRAY.

"We Have the Copper Ore and Must Take Care of It," Said Manager Whitley Today.

After an absence of several weeks in the east where he went to consult with the executive officers of the American Smelting & Refining company, Manager C. W. Whitley, of the Utah plants of that great corporation returned today with the assurance that steps will be taken for the early construction of a great copper smelting plant at Murray, upon which Mr. Whitley has a fund to draw on for this purpose of at least \$750,000.

Just when the plans will be completed and the first contracts let, Manager Whitley would not say, declaring that the policy to be carried out in the future had not been definitely, determined. But we have the contracts for some very large tonnages of copper ore," said he, "and we will have to provide means for taking care of it, that very

Mr. Whitley intimated that he would probably be in position an important announcement concerning the building of the new works within the next 30 days, but further than that he had nothing to say at this time. The story printed in a morning paper to the effect that the old Germania plant would be remodeled and dressed up with the most modern copper smelting equipment, was pronounced as being absolutely untrue. The Germania site may be utilized for the new plant, but the old buildings would be first torn

According to the plan outlined some months ago the American's new copper plant will be built with capacity for the handling of 1,000 tons of copper ore per day. But that was before the contract for the output of the Cactus mine was secured so the probabilities are it will be built to handle much more than this amount.

#### PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP

Consult County Clerk or the respective signers for further information.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PRObate Division, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah. In the matter of the estate of Alonzo H. Raleigh, Deceased, Notice.—The petition of William Asper and Alfred Solomon, executors of the estate of Alonzo H. Raleigh, deceased, for confirmation of the sale of the following described real estate of said decedent, towit:

wit:
Commencing at a point fourteen and seventy-two (14.72) hundredths chains south of the northwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township eight (8) south of range two (2) east, of Salt Lake Meridian, and running thence north \$9\forall degrees east twenty-six and seven hundredths (26.97) chains; thence south eight (8) degrees, west fifty-one hundredths (51) chains; thence south \$9\forall degrees, west ten and thirty-eight hundredths (10.33) chains; thence south (3\forall ) degrees, west nine and sixty-nine (9.59) chains; thence west fifteen and sixteen hundredths (15.16) chains; thence north nine and nine-ty-eight hundredths (9.38) chains, to the place of beginning, containing sixteen (16) acres.

place of beginning, containing sixteen (18) acres.

Also commencing at a point twenty-three and ninety hundredths (23.90) chains south, fifteen and sixteen (15.15) chains east of the northwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township eight (8) south of range two (2) east, of Sait Lake Meridian, and running thence north 3% degrees east five and forty-eight hundredths (5.48) chains; thence east nine (9) chains; thence north forty (40) degrees east two and twenty hundredths (2.29) chains; thence north six (6) degrees east three and forty hundredths (3.40) chains; thence north 85 degrees east four and ten hundredths (4.10) chains; thence south one and thirty hundredth (3.30) chains; thence north 9½ degrees west two and eleven hundredths (2.11) chains; thence south 40 degrees west four and ninety-nine hundredths (4.99) chains; thence south 28½ degrees, west ten (19) chains; thence west five and thirty-four hundredths (3.34) chains; thence north 3% degrees, east three and eighty hundredths (3.80) chains, to the place of beginning, containing eight and ten hundredths (8.10) acres, together with a right of way commencing twenty-six and ninety-eight hundredths (26.98) and ten hundredths (8.10) acres, together with a right of way commencing twenty-six and ninety-eight hundredths (26.98) chains east of the northwest corner of said section thirty-two (32), and running thence south fifty-one (.51) chains wide; 2½ degrees west, fourteen and forty-eight hundredths (14.48) chains; containing about three-fourths (½) acres, upon the following terms, to-wit: \$250.00 cash down and the balance, \$197.30 upon confirmation by the Court.

Commencing at a point twenty-five and fifty hundredths (25.50) chains south of the northwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township eight (8) south of range two (2) east of Sait Lake Meridian, and running thence east fifteen ad thirty hundredths (15.30) chains; thence south three and three-fourths (3½) degrees west seven and sixty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence north 86 degrees, west six and eighty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence south 17 degrees west six and sixty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence south 17 degrees west six and sixty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence south 17 degrees west six and sixty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence

eighty-two hundredths (6.82) chains; thence south 17 degrees west six and eighty hundredths (6.80) chains; thence south 28½ degrees, west five and eighty-five hundredths (5.85) chains; thence nive hundredths (5.85) chains; thence horth thirteen and seventy hundredths (13.70) chains, to the place of beginning, containing lifteen and lifty hundredths [15.50) acres; also commencing (15) links east of the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty-two (32), township eight (8) south of range two (3) east of Salt Lake Meridian, and runder the character of the salt lake heridian. g thence north two and sixty-four hunri g thene north two and sixty-four hundredths (2.64) chains; thence north 89 degrees, east six (6) chains; thence north 16½ degrees, east six and sixty-two (6.62) chains; thence south 85½ degrees, east six and sixty-eight hundredths (6.68) chains; thence south five (5) degrees, west eight and forty-six hundredths (8.46) chains; thence south fifty-one (51) degrees west than the country of the thence south fifty-one (51) degrees west and seventy-nine hundredths (2.79) chains; thence south 27% degrees, west two and thirty-eight hundredths (2.38) chains; thence north 88 degrees, west three (3) chains; thence north 62 degrees, west 10 chains; thence north 62 degrees, west one and ninety hundredths (1.90) chains; thence south 72 degrees, west two and ten hundredths (2.10) chains; thence north one (1) degree, east five and twenty-five hundredths (5.25) chains; thence west fifty-four (54) links, to the place of beginning, containing fourteen (14) acres, more or less.

ning, containing fourteen (14) acres, more or less.

Also commencing fifteen and seventy hundredths (15.70) chains south of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section thirty-one (21), township eight (8) south of range two (2) east of Salt Lake Meridian, and running thence east eleven and thirty hundredths (11.20) chains; thence south twenty-two and twenty-five hundredths (22.25) chains; thence west twenty-one and thirty hundredths (21.30) chains; thence north twenty-two and thirty hundredths (22.30) chains; thence east ten (10) chains, to the place of beginning, containing forty-seven and one-half (574) acres for the following terms, to-wit: \$200.00 dollars down and the balance, \$800.00 upon confirmation of the Court, as appears from the return of sale, filed in this Court, has been set for hearing on Friday, the 11th day of March, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County, Court House, in the Court Room of said Court, in Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the saal thereof affixed this 222d day of ty, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court, with the seal thereof affixed this 23rd day of February, A. D. 1994.

(Seal)

JOHN JAMES, Clerk, By David B. Davies, Deputy Clerk, H. S. Tanner, Attorney for Estate.

### Carried on

Muddy

Shoes

Are taken into the house and sickness follows, your carpets ruined by mud, hard work follows. Protect your home and health. We carry a full line of

· DOOR-MATS

H. Dinwoodey Furniture Co.



## Cannon & Cannon,

<u>A temperatura de la comprese del la comprese de la comprese de la comprese del la comprese de la comprese del la comprese della comprese de la comprese della comprese de la comprese della comprese del</u>

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY. We are in receipt of the following letter from our Manager in rela-

tion to our Companies and the Baltimore fire: "San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 12th, 1904.

We are pleased to advise receipt of the following cable from our

"Aachen, Germany, Feb. 12th, 1904.

Bertheau, San Francisco: Remitting Baltimore loss One Hundred and Eighty Thousand in full, leaving American funds undisturbed." With assets of \$7,500,000 and surplus to policyholders of \$5,000,000, the

Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Company of Germany stands among the leading companies of the world, and its policies offer to its patrons absolute security and prompt indemnity. The Hanover Fire Insurance Company of New York (organized in 1852) have been adjusting their losses, which will be paid as promptly as those of any other company. The cash assets of the Hanover amount to \$4,023,942, with a net surplus to policyholders of \$1,630,227.

Holders of our policies and the insuring public need have no fear of

WE WRITE ONLY FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE. CANNON & CANNON.

our companies going into the hands of a receiver or not being able

24 E. South Temple Street, - - Salt Lake City, Utah. () reported and the contract of the contract o

### 1600 MILES THRO' SIX STATES IN A STANDARD SLEEPER

# You Can

board the through ROCK ISLAND STANDARD SLEEPER at Salt Lake tonight and not leave it until you reach CHICAGO except to enjoy well prepared meals in the famous ROCK ISLAND DINERS. You arrive CHI-CAGO in the morning. It saves a hotel

Make your reservations and buy your tickets at Ticket office, 100 West Second South St.



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EDMONDS.—In this city, Feb. 23, 1904, of pneumonia, Joel M. Edmonds, aged 69 years, 11 months and 5 days; native of Pennsylvania.
Funeral services will be held Thursday, at 2 p. m., from the funeral chapel of Undertaker Joseph William Taylor, 2f south West Temple street. Friends are invited to attend. Interment in city cemetery. All members of the A. O. U. W. please be present at the funeral in order to conduct the services. Pennsylvania.

CROUCH.—At Union, Salt Lake county, Feb. 23, 1994, of general debility, Caro-line Baker, widow of William Crouch; born March 13, 1824, at Ickelsham, Sussex, England.
Funeral from the Union ward meeting-house Thursday at 11 a. m. Interment in Sait Lake City cemetery.

JOHNSON.—In this city, Feb. 21, 1904, at 10 a. m., Kate, daughter of C. W. and M. A. Johnson; born in Sait Lake City 20 years ago,
Funeral private, from residence, 252 south Ninth East street, Tuesday, Feb. 23,

BOSTON MARKET. Closing quotations today as reported by Hudson & Sons Co.,

brokers, were:

Amalgamated .......45% والمامة والمرامة والمرامة والمدامة والمرامة المرامة والمرامة والمرامة والمرامة والمرامة

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